

Terrestrial DOC and carbon cycle modelling

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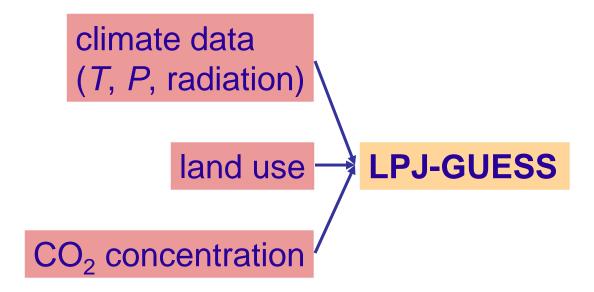
DOC modelling within Baltic-C

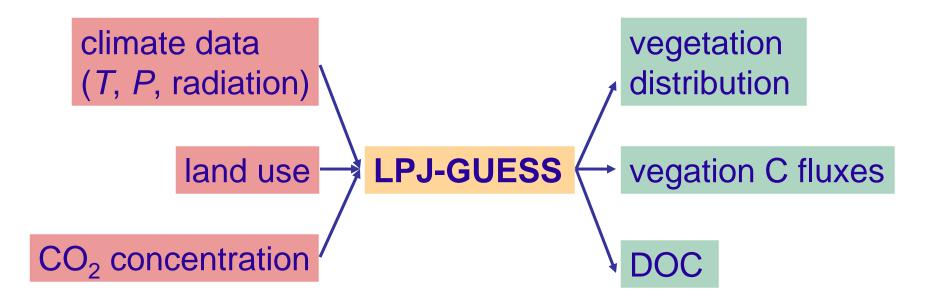
Aim:

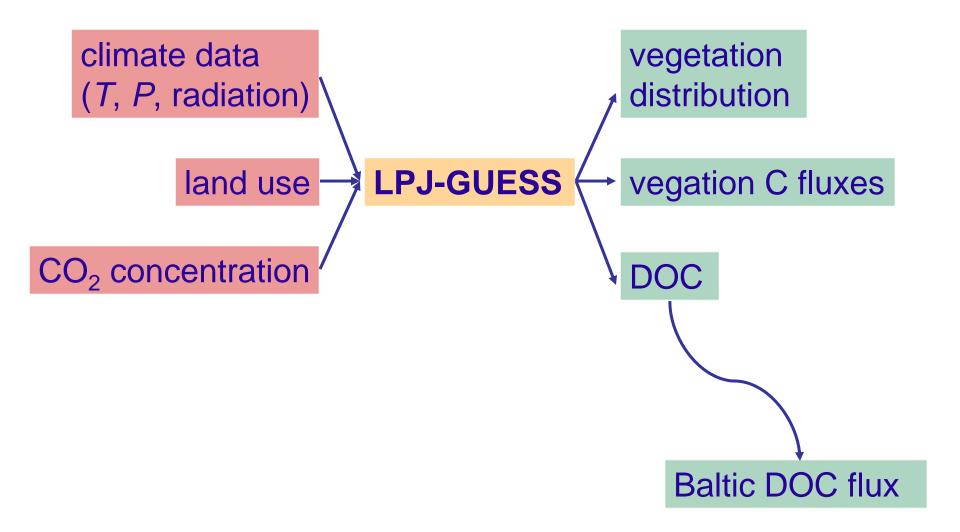
To simulate past, present and future dissolved organic carbon (DOC) transport into the Baltic Sea, thereby linking the terrestrial and marine carbon cycle.

- LPJ-GUESS with DOC model included
- forcing with RCA (ERA40/climate scenario) data
- accounting for land use, and land use change in the future
- simulations for past and present-day (1961-2005) using RCA (ERA40) climate data
- simulations with climate scenario for 21st century

LPJ-GUESS





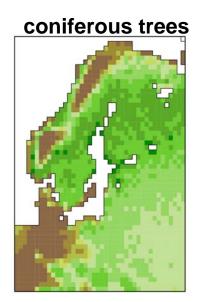


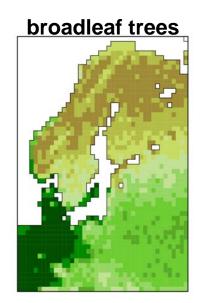
Preliminary simulations and results

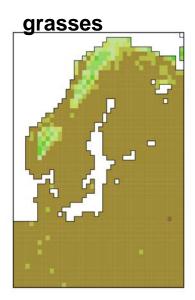
- LPJ-GUESS
- forcing with RCA (ERA40) data and observed
 CO₂ concentrations
- no land use (present-potential vegetation)
- simulation setup
 - 1200 years spinup
 - 1901-1960 CRU data corrected with the difference between RCA and CRU (for 1961-1990)
 - 1961-2005 RCA (ERA40 driven) climate

The terrestrial carbon cycle under present-day conditions

Leaf area index (m² m⁻²) averaged for 1986-2005

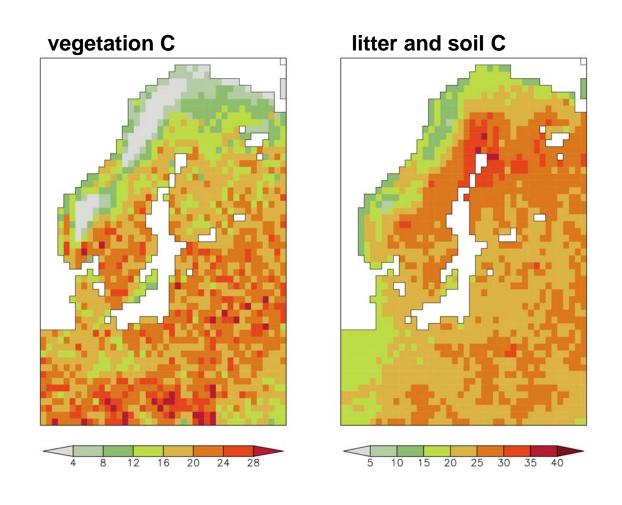




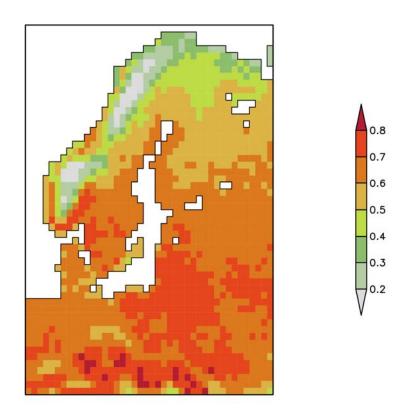




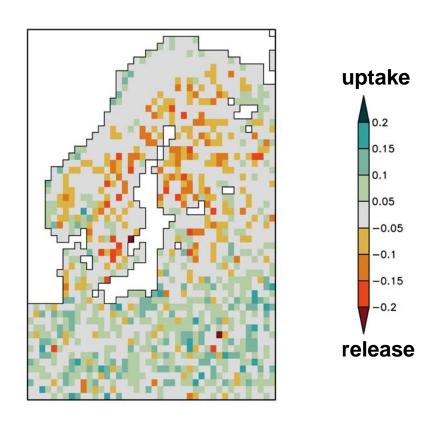
Carbon storage in vegetation and soil (kg m⁻²) averaged for 1986-2005



Net primary production (kg m⁻² y⁻¹) averaged for 1986-2005



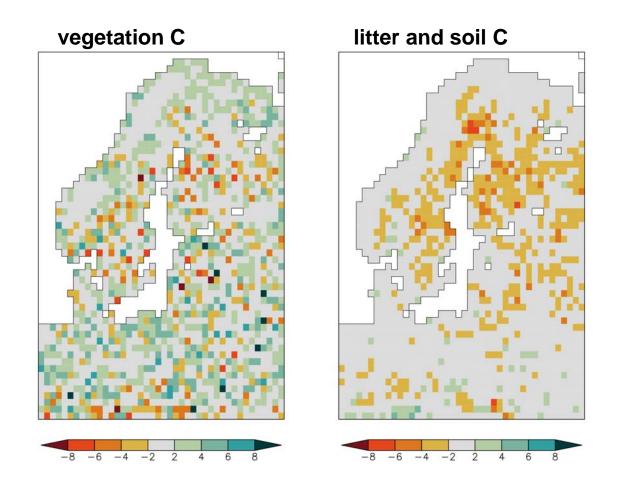
Net ecosystem exchange (kg m⁻² y⁻¹) averaged for 1986-2005



Changes in the terrestrial carbon cycle during the 20th century

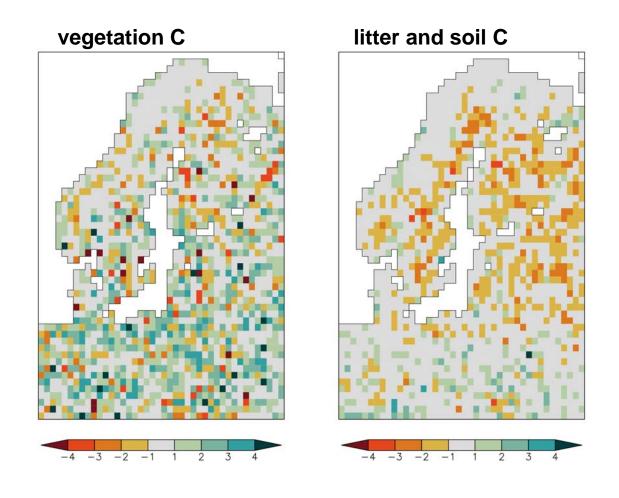
Change in carbon storage in vegetation and soil (kg m⁻²)

for 1986-2005 compared to 1901-1920



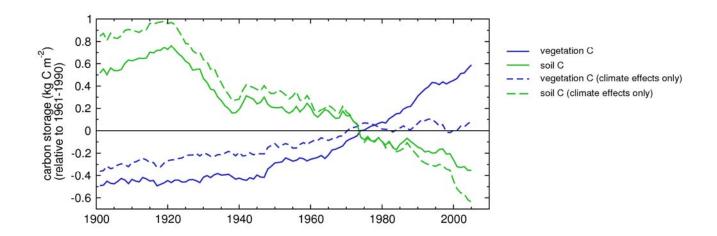
Change in carbon storage in vegetation and soil (kg m⁻²)

for 1986-2005 compared to 1961-1980

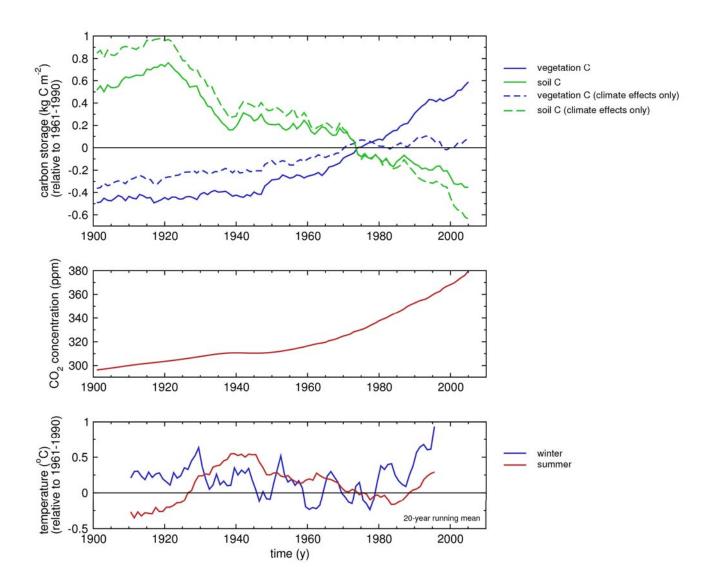


Change in carbon storage in vegetation and soil

averaged for Baltic Sea region



Change in carbon storage in vegetation and soil averaged for Baltic Sea region



Outlook

- run LPJ-GUESS with DOC model for Baltic
- adopt land use by using land cover map
- simulations with climate scenario for 21st century