

# BALT-HYPE:

A Tool For High Resolution Hydrological Modelling of Climate Change and Nutrient Reduction Scenarios

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Cyanobacteria bloom in Baltic proper, Summer 2005

### **Objectives:**

#### Provide a modelling tool that

- Calculates water runoff quantity and nutrient concentration to the Baltic Sea, on a daily timescale, and at a high spatial resolution
- Calculates water runoff quantity and nutrient concentration, on a daily timescale, and at a high spatial resolution within the catchment area, e.g. for groundwater, rivers and lakes
- Can be used for modelling of both climate change and nutrient reduction scenarios (operational model)
- Uses quality–assured historical and forecast data, assessments and analyses at different resolutions scaling from local to pan-european level.

#### **BALT-HYPE** model domain



INPUT DATA, CALIBRATE AND MODEL HOMOGENOUSLY OVER THE ENTIRE MODEL DOMAIN

### What is required?



- Modelling tool: HYPE = <u>Hy</u>drological
  <u>P</u>redictions for the <u>E</u>nvironment
- Access to data required by model preferably readily available global databases = homogenous data over entire model domain
- New system for streamlining in-data handling and modelling: HYSS + WHIST





# **Input Data:**

## **Readily Available Global Databases**

- Topography: Hydro1K, HYDROSHEDS
- Land use + soil: ECOCLIMAP
- Forcing data (P & T): Hindcast =combination of ERA-Interim (ECMWF) and ERAMESAN data; Climate runs = ECHAM5 A1B,R3, ??
- Major Dams: ICOLD
- Agricultural Data: Eurostat (as used in CAPRIS model inputs)
- Point Sources: Population data from HYDE database, treatment level and standard values for emissions
- Atmospheric Deposition: Long term averages taken from an atmospheric chemistry model, the MATCH model (SMHI)







# **Agricultural statistics**

#### From the CAPRI model

(agro-economy model)

- Crop distribution
- Crop yield
- Input of nitrogen and phosphorus mineral fertilizers and manure
- Information about Russia from other sources

## Example fertiliser input



# Example crop distribution



# Point Sources: Industrial, Urban and Rural

Industrial Sources : from European Pollution Emission Database

N Emissions to waterways = f( population, protein consumption per capita, connection to WWT, treatment levels of WWT plants)

P Emissions to waterways = f( population, protein consumption per capita, laundry detergent (LD) consumption, rate of P-free LD use, dishwasher detergent consumption, connection to WWT, treatment levels of WWT plants)

Rural: Calculated from percent of population not connected (treated 50 % as point and 50 % as diffuse source)





# Data for model calibration and evaluation

## Readily Available European Databases

- •Observed river discharge: GRDC, BALTEX (daily and monthly)
- •Observed yearly river discharge: EEA (yearly volumes)
- Observed nutrients: EEA, seasonal and yearly totals and averages
- Possibility for additional data through collaboration and partnership





Model CALIBRATED to a small selection of stations, VALIDATED against all other independent stations



What sort of results can be expected?

Results of BALT-HYPE discharge modelling

- Preliminary results at larger model resolution.



# **Deliverables**

Daily Q, N & P from all river outlets and from small areas along coast:

• Hindcast 1961-2008

•Climate runs - ECHAM5 A1B,R3 + others?

Expected delivery November 15 2009,

Other climate runs by Dec 09.

